# Workshop on

# "Machine Lubrication Analysis (MLA) - I" 3-Days Program

### **About Us**

We are the training providers and deals in Technical, HSEQ, Management and Soft Skills Training.

We have highly knowledgeable and experienced local & foreign subject matter experts. Our team is highly focused and provides the best support as per your requirements and needs.

We provide a platform from where you can add value in you teams. We are highly fascinated on the development of your Technical and Management Teams.

We can provide on-site and classroom training.

## **About MLA I**

The Level I MLA Body of Knowledge is an outline of concepts that a candidate shall have in order to pass the exam, in accordance with ISO 18436-4, Category I.

### **Course Outline:**

- I. Maintenance Strategies (10%)
- A. Why machines fail
- B. The impact of poor maintenance on company profits
- C. The role of effective lubrication in failure avoidance
- D. Lube routes and scheduling
- E. Oil analysis and technologies to assure lubrication effectiveness.
- F. Equipment tagging and identification.
- II. Lubrication Theory/Fundamentals (18%)
- A. Fundamentals of tribology
- B. Functions of a lubricant
- C. Hydrodynamic lubrication (sliding friction)
- D. Elasto-hydrodynamic lubrication (rolling friction)
- E. Mixed-film lubrication
- F. Base-oils
- G. Additives and their functions
- H. Oil lubricant physical, chemical and performance properties and classifications.

- I. Grease lubrication
- 1. How grease is made
- 2. Thickener types
- 3. Thickener compatibility
- 4. Grease lubricant physical, chemical and performance properties and classifications.

#### III. Lubricant Selection (10%)

- A. Viscosity selection
- B. Base-oil type selection
- C. Additive system selection
- D. Machine specific lubricant requirements
- 1. Hydraulic systems
- 2. Rolling element bearings
- 3. Journal bearings
- 4. Reciprocating engines
- 5. Gearing and gearboxes
- E. Application and environment related adjustments.

#### IV. Lubricant Application (18%)

- A. Basic calculations for determining required lubricant volume.
- B. Basic calculations to determine re-lube and change frequencies.
- C. When to select oil; when to select grease.
- D. Effective use of manual delivery techniques.
- E. Automatic delivery systems.
- 1. Automated deliver options.
  - a) Automated grease systems
  - b) Oil mist systems
  - c) Drip and wick lubricators
- 2. Deciding when to employ automated lubricators.
  - 3. Maintenance of automated lubrication systems.

- V. Lube Storage and Management (10%)
- A. Lubricant receiving procedures.
- B. Proper storage and inventory management.
- C. Lube storage containers
- D. Proper storage of grease-guns and other lube application devices.
- E. Maintenance of automatic grease systems.
- F. Health and safety assurance.

#### VI. Lube Condition Control (10%)

- A. Filtration and separation technologies.
- B. Filter rating.
- C. Filtration system design and filter selection.

#### VII. Oil Sampling (10%)

- A. Objectives for lube oil sampling
- B. Sampling methods
- C. Managing interference
- 1. Bottle cleanliness and management
- 2. Flushing
- 3. Machine conditions appropriate for sampling

#### VIII. Lubricant health monitoring (10%)

- A. Lubricant failure mechanisms
- 1. Oxidative degradation
- a) The oxidation process
- b) Causes of oxidation
- c) Effects of oxidative degradation
- 2. Thermal degradation
  - a) The thermal failure process
  - b) Causes of thermal failure
  - c) Effects of thermal degradation
- 3. Additive depletion/degradation
  - a) Additive depletion mechanisms
  - b) Additives at risk for

depletion/degradation by the various mechanisms.

- B. Testing for wrong or mixed lubricants
- 1. Baselining physical and chemical properties tests
  - 2. Additive discrepancies

- C. Fluid properties test methods and measurement units applications and limitations.
  - 1. Kinematic Viscosity (ASTM D445)
  - 2. Absolute (Dynamic) Viscosity (ASTM D2893)
  - 3. Viscosity Index (ASTM D2270)
  - 4. Acid Number (ASTM D974 et al)
  - 5. Base Number (ASTM D974 et al)
  - 6. Fourier Transform Infrared (FTIR) analysis
  - 7. Rotating Pressure Vessel Oxidation Test (ASTMD2272)
  - 8. Atomic Emission Spectroscopy

### IX. Wear Debris Monitoring and Analysis (4%)

A. Common machine wear mechanisms



**Contact Us** 

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